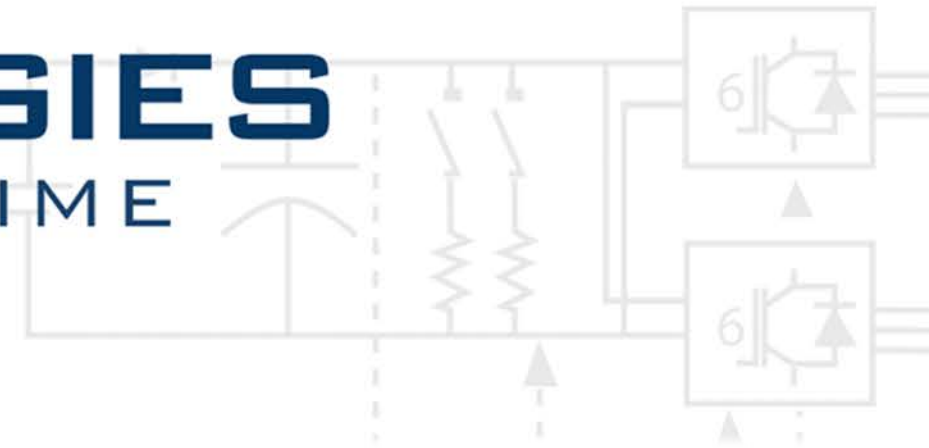


OPAL-RT TECHNOLOGIES
FROM IMAGINATION TO REAL-TIME



Power Grid Cybersecurity Webinar

Your Hosts



Introduction & Real-Time Applications

Thomas Kirk
Sales Engineer
OPAL-RT Technologies

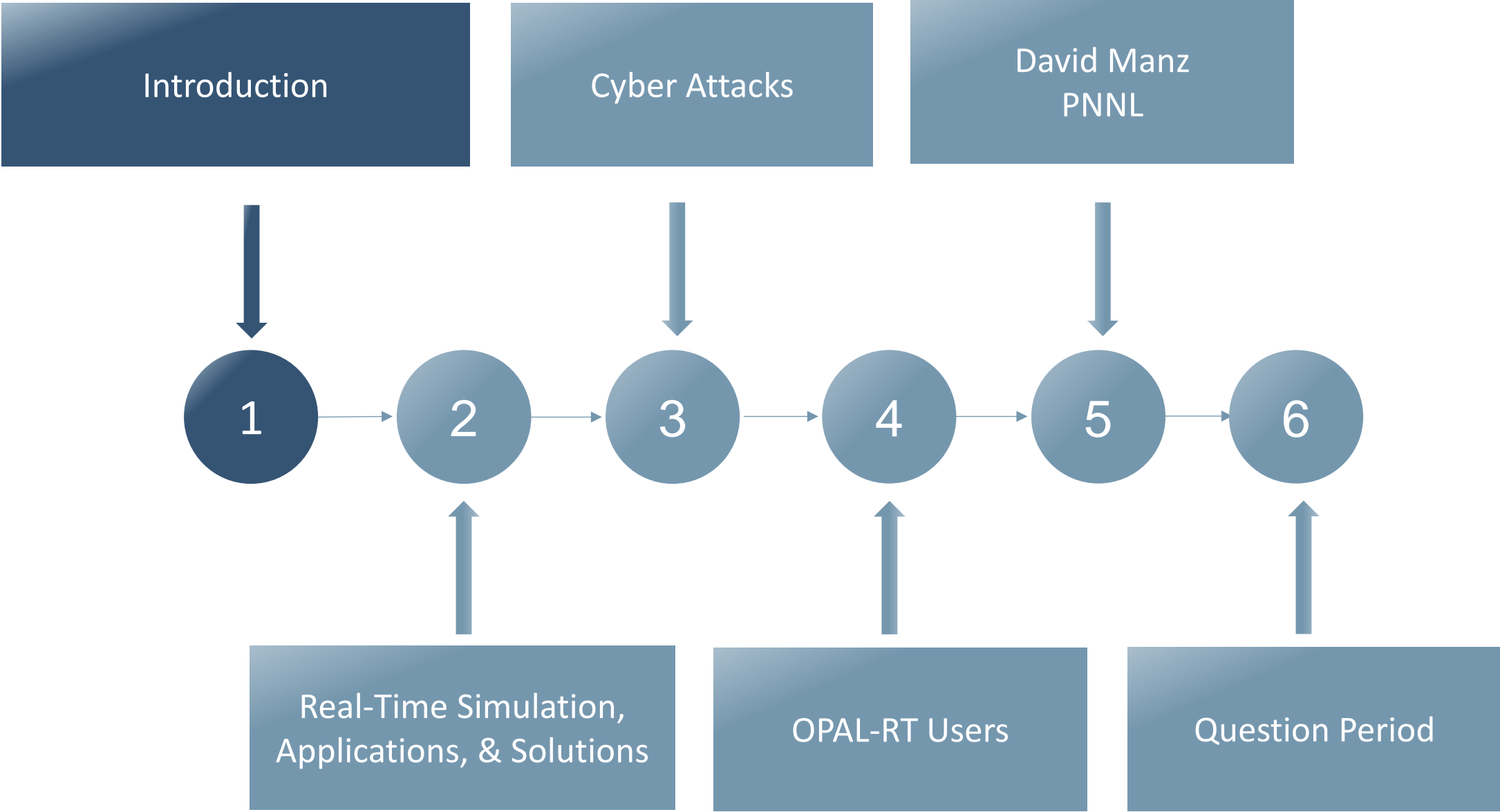


Keynote Speaker

David Manz
Cybersecurity Research Scientist
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory



Presentation Outline



Introduction

The **electric power grid** is evolving quickly with the introduction of new “**intelligent technologies**”, which will improve its efficiency and performance. However, these technologies have the potential to make the grid more **vulnerable to cyberattacks**, which has motivated a new set of **standards (NERC CIP)**.¹

OPAL-RT is **dedicated** to providing **open power system real-time digital simulators** that meets the new requirements of **power system professionals** as the industry focus on **cybersecurity** increases.



¹ [R. J. Campbell, Cybersecurity Issues for the Bulk Power System, Congressional Research Service, 2015](#)

Introduction

DEFINITIONS:

The **activity** or **process**, **ability** or **capability**, or state whereby **information** and **communications systems** and the **information** contained therein are protected from and/or **defended** against **damage**, **unauthorized** use or **modification**, or **exploitation**.¹

² – Cybersecurity definition taken from National Initiative for Cybersecurity Careers and Studies (NICCS)



The art of ensuring the **existence** and **continuity** of the **information** society of a nation, guaranteeing and protecting, in **Cyberspace**, its information, **assets** and **critical infrastructure**.²

³ – Canongia, C., & Mandarino, R. 2014. *Cybersecurity: The New Challenge of the Information Society*. In *Crisis Management: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools and Applications*: 60-80. Hershey, PA: IGI Global.



Introduction: Grid Modernization

- Modern power grids are Cyber-Physical System (CPS) composed of electrical and information infrastructure
- The grid is becoming “intelligent” through:
 - Wide deployment of new technologies
 - Substation, transmission and distribution automation
 - Increased distributed Energy Resource (DER) integration
 - Advanced two-way communication networks
 - Development of synchrophasor systems
- But... as newer technologies are adopted, the grid is becoming more vulnerable to cybersecurity threats both:



Source: [EPRI 2007](#)

Malicious and Accidental⁴



⁴ See NIST (<http://www.nist.gov/el/smartgrid/cybersg.cfm>)

Introduction: Threats and Scenarios

- Dozens of industrial-level cybersecurity incidents since 1999 (Source: [Lloyd's](#)):
 - 2001: Cal-ISO hacking incident (15 days)
 - 2007: Idaho National Laboratory Aurora experiment
 - 2010: Iran nuclear Stuxnet incident
 - 2012: German utility DoS attack (5 days)
- FERC analysis: The loss of 9 out of 55k+ US substations could lead to an extended (1+ year) national blackout (Source: [WSJ](#))
- 2014 NESCOR failure scenarios report includes failures due to:
 - Compromised equipment functionality
 - Data integrity attacks
 - Communication failures
 - Human Error
 - Natural Disasters



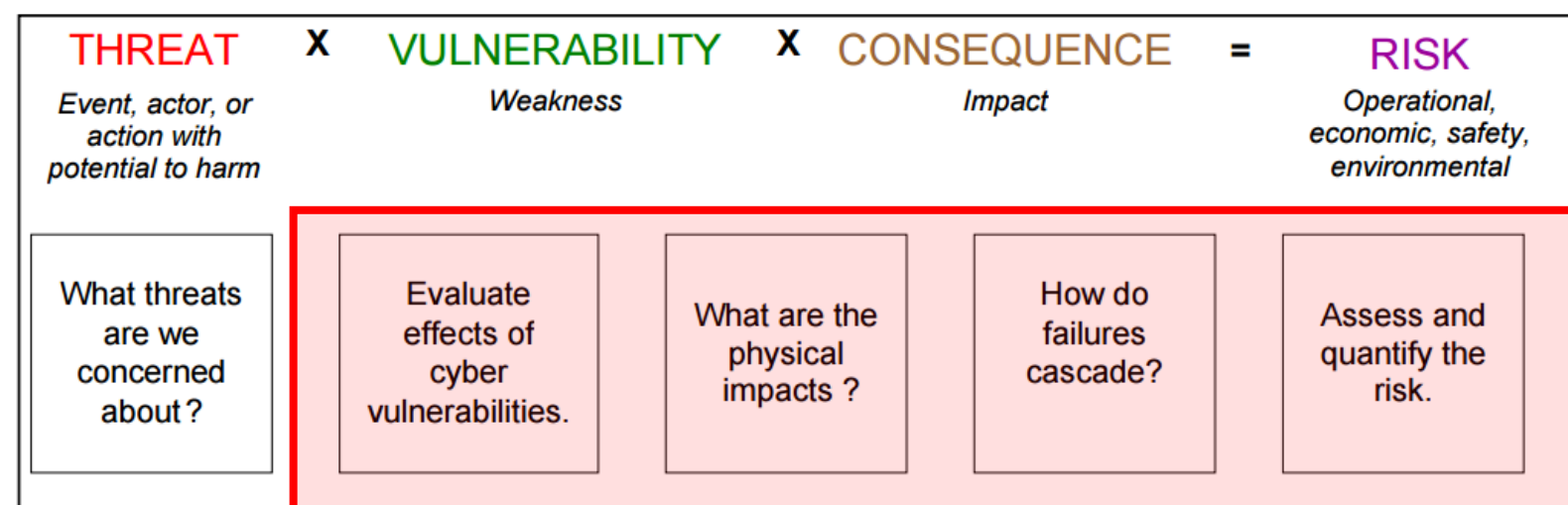
Table 4 - Draft Top Ranked Failure Scenarios from document version 0.7

AMI.1	Authorized Employee Issues Invalid Mass Remote Disconnect
AMI.3	Invalid Access Used to Install Malware Enabling Remote Internet Control
AMI.23	Meter Authentication Credentials are Compromised and Posted on Internet
AMI.24	Weak Encryption Exposes AMI Device Communication
AMI.25	Known but Unpatched Vulnerability Exposes AMI Infrastructure
DER.1	Inadequate Access Control of DER Systems Causes Electrocutation
DER.16	DER SCADA System Issues Invalid Commands
WAMPAC.1	Denial of Service Attack Impairs NTP Service
WAMPAC.2	Networking Equipment used to Spoof WAMPAC Messages
WAMPAC.3	Improper PDC Configuration Interferes with Relay of Measurement Data
WAMPAC.4	Measurement Data Compromised due to PDC Authentication Compromise
WAMPAC.5	Improper Phasor Gateway Configuration Obscures Cascading Failures
WAMPAC.6	Communications Compromised between PMUs and Control Center
DR.1	Blocked DR Messages Result in Increased Prices or Outages
DR.4	Improper DRAS Configuration Causes Inappropriate DR Messages
DGM.3	Malicious Code Injected into Substation Equipment via Physical Access
DGM.5	Remote Access used to Compromise DMS
DGM.13	Poor Account Management Compromises DMS and Causes Power Loss
Generic.1	Malicious and Non-malicious Insiders Pose Range of Threats
Generic.2	Inadequate Network Segregation Enables Access for Threat Agents
Generic.3	Portable Media Enables Access Despite Network Controls



Introduction: Risk Assessment

- NERC CIP Standards focus largely on risk assessment and identification of:
 - Critical Assets
 - Critical Cyber Assets
- SGIP Cyber Security Guidelines (NISTIR 7628) are also based on risk assessment:

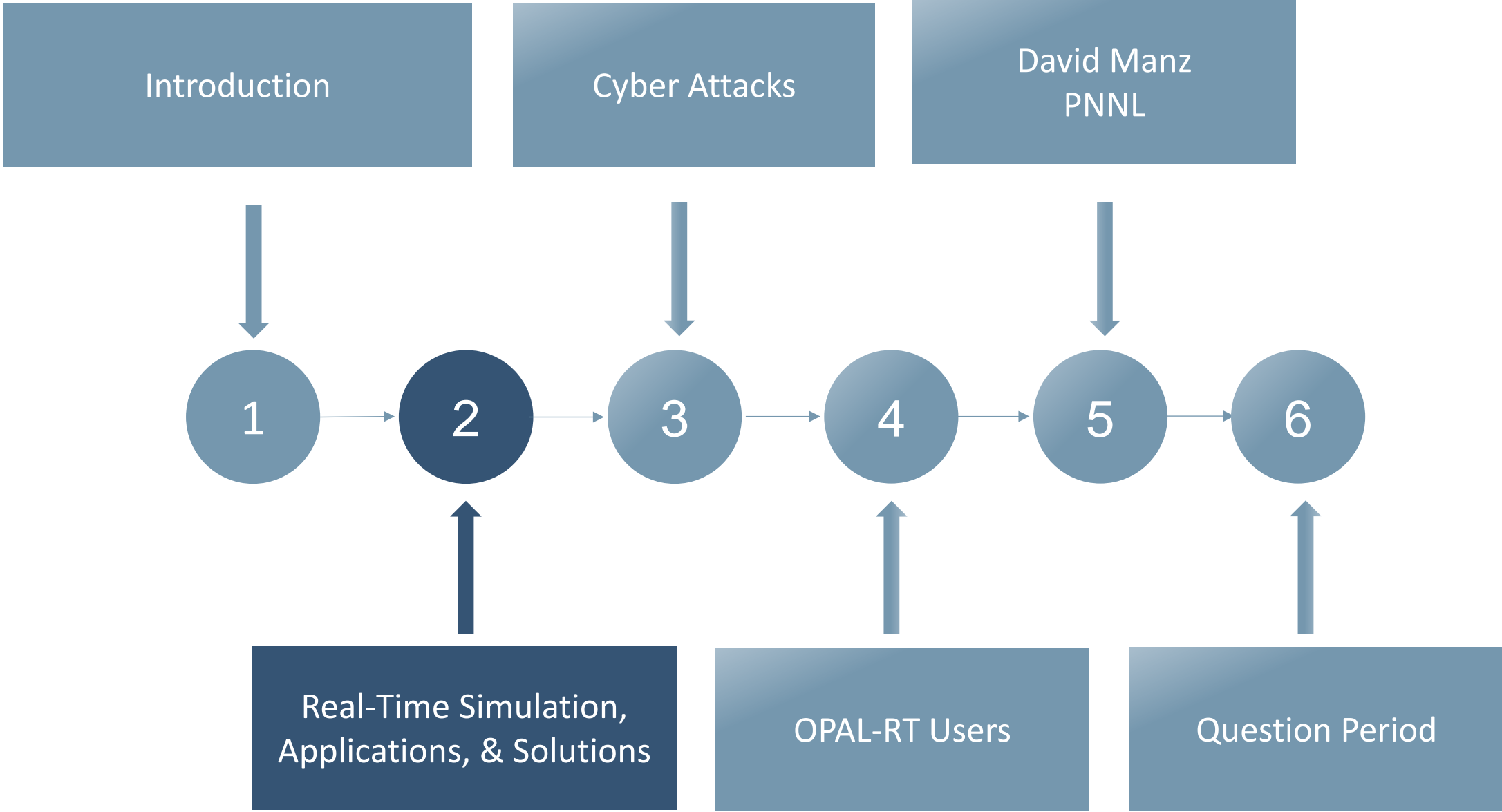


From [Introduction to NISTIR 7628 Guidelines for Smart Grid Cyber Security](#)

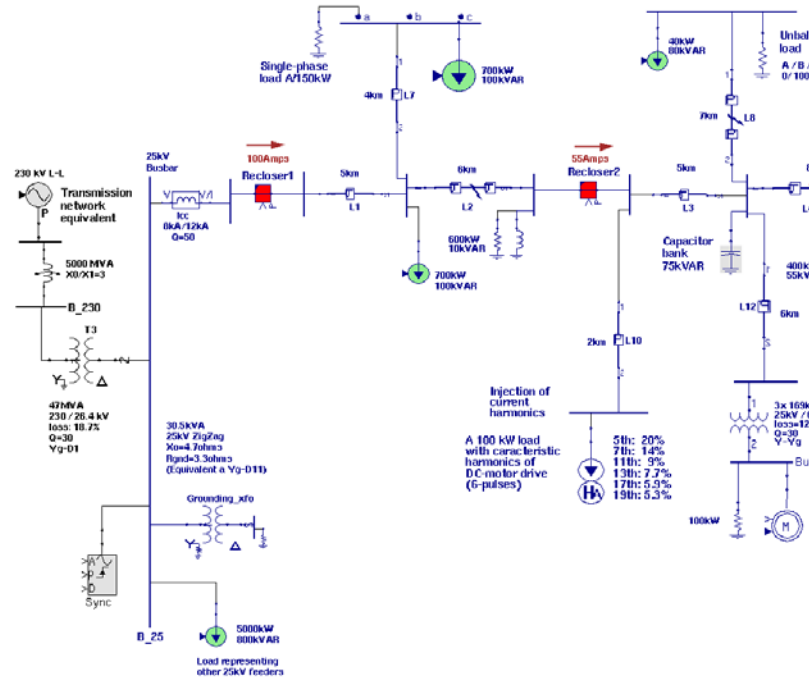
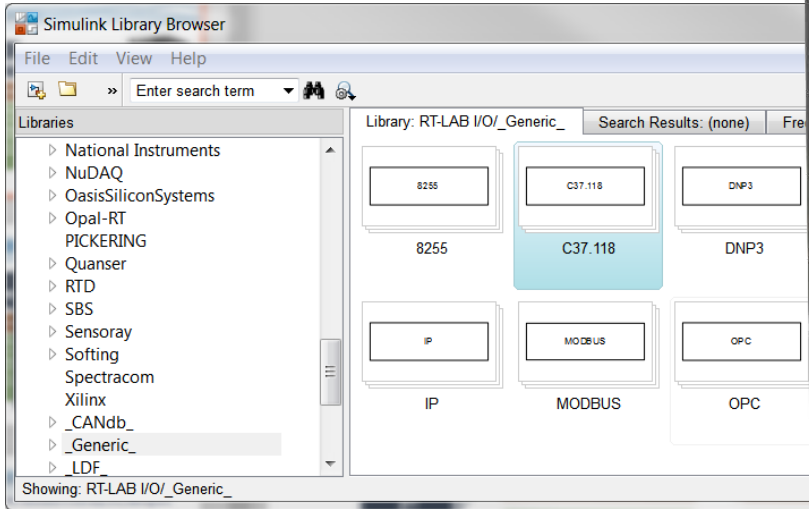
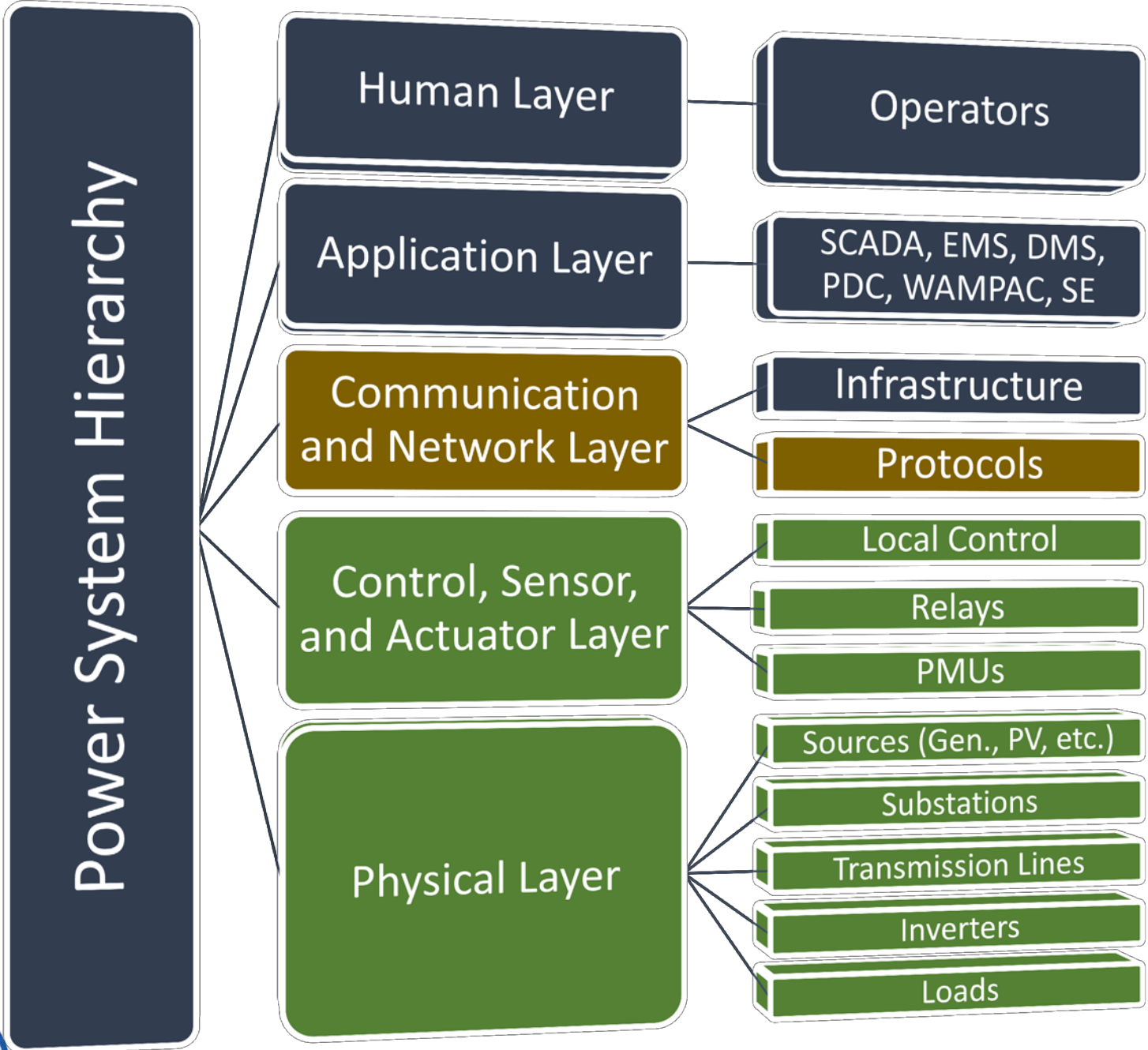
- Simulation can be used to answer these questions and assess risk
- What about real-time simulation?



Presentation Outline



Real-Time Simulation

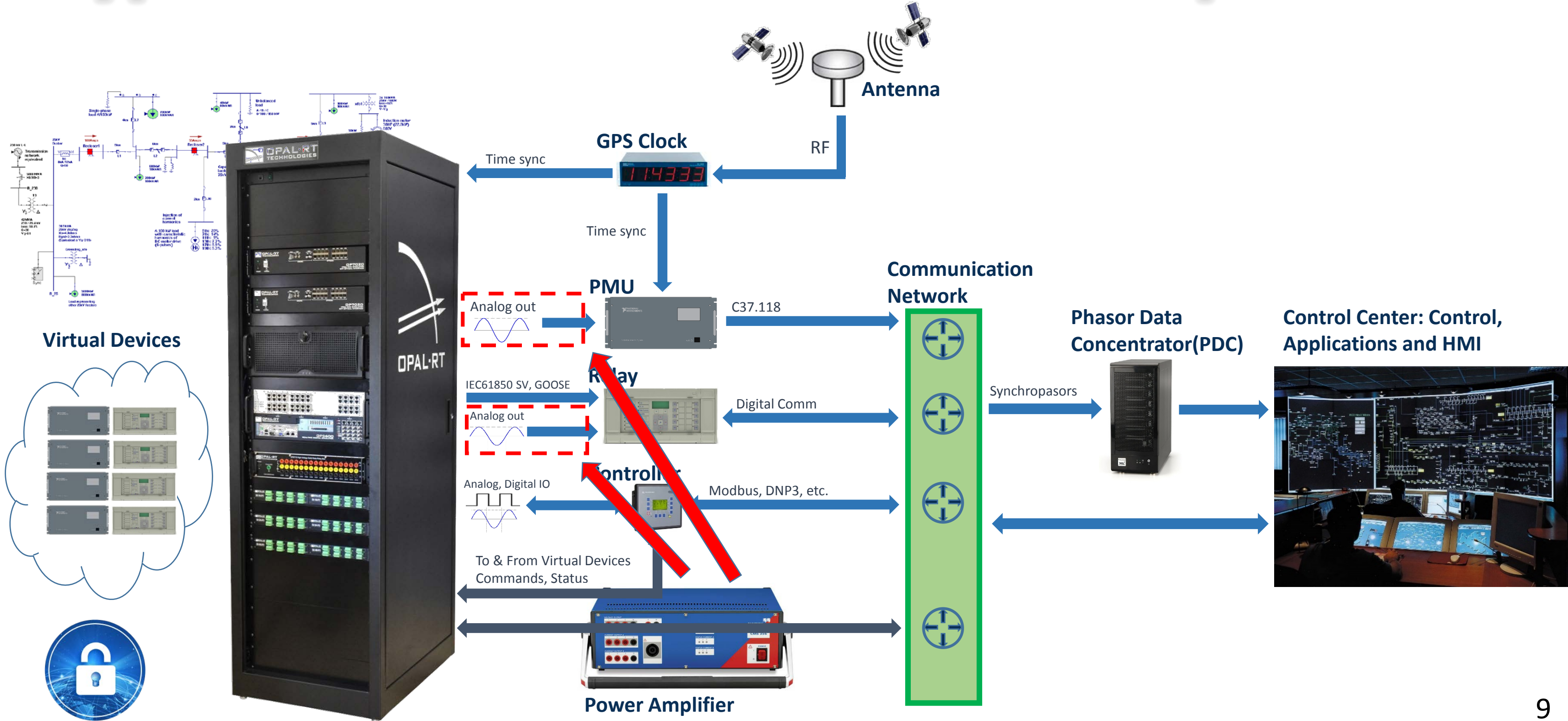


Real-Time Cybersecurity Applications

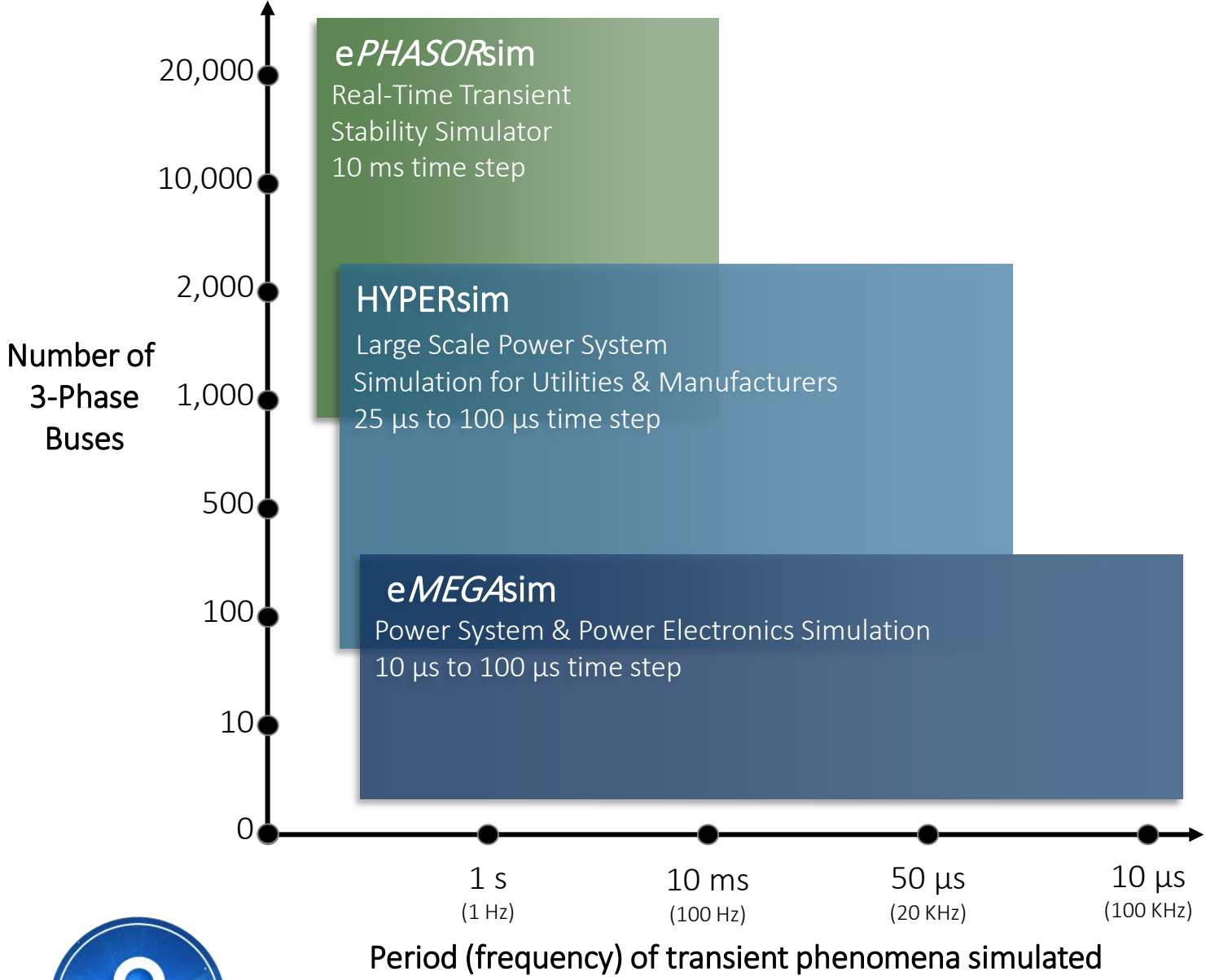
- Risk assessment studies including penetration testing, & cyber-critical asset and vulnerability identification
- Research & development, design and testing of:
 - Situational awareness, anomaly detection and cyber-attack mitigation systems
 - Network/communication systems
 - Control and monitoring systems (e.g. SCADA, DMS, EMS, WAMPAC)
 - Synchrophasor systems
 - State Estimators
- Meeting standards specific and related to cybersecurity, following smart grid guidelines
 - e.g. NERC CIP, NIST SGIP-CSWG, IEEE C37.118



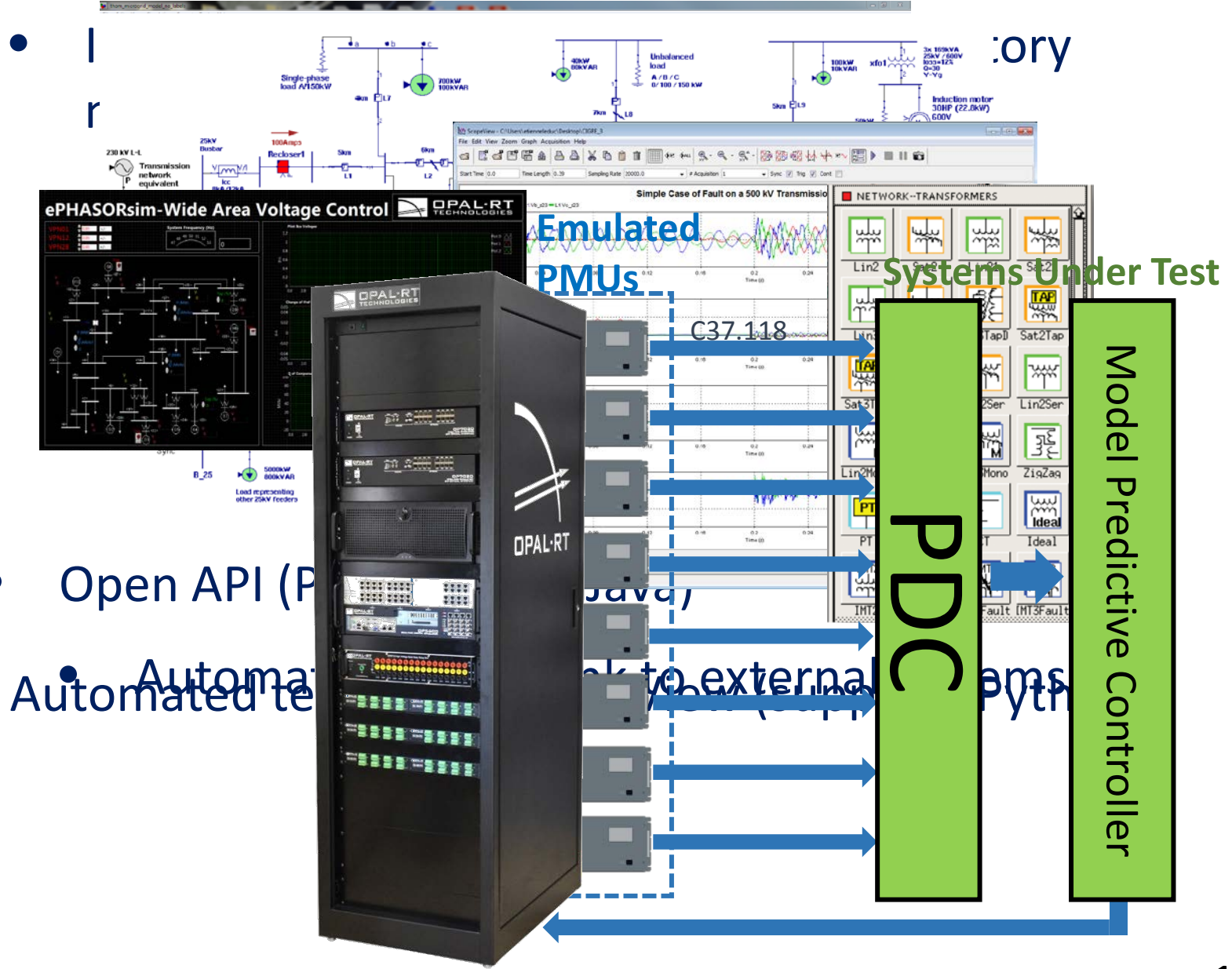
Typical Real-Time Simulation Setup



Software Solutions



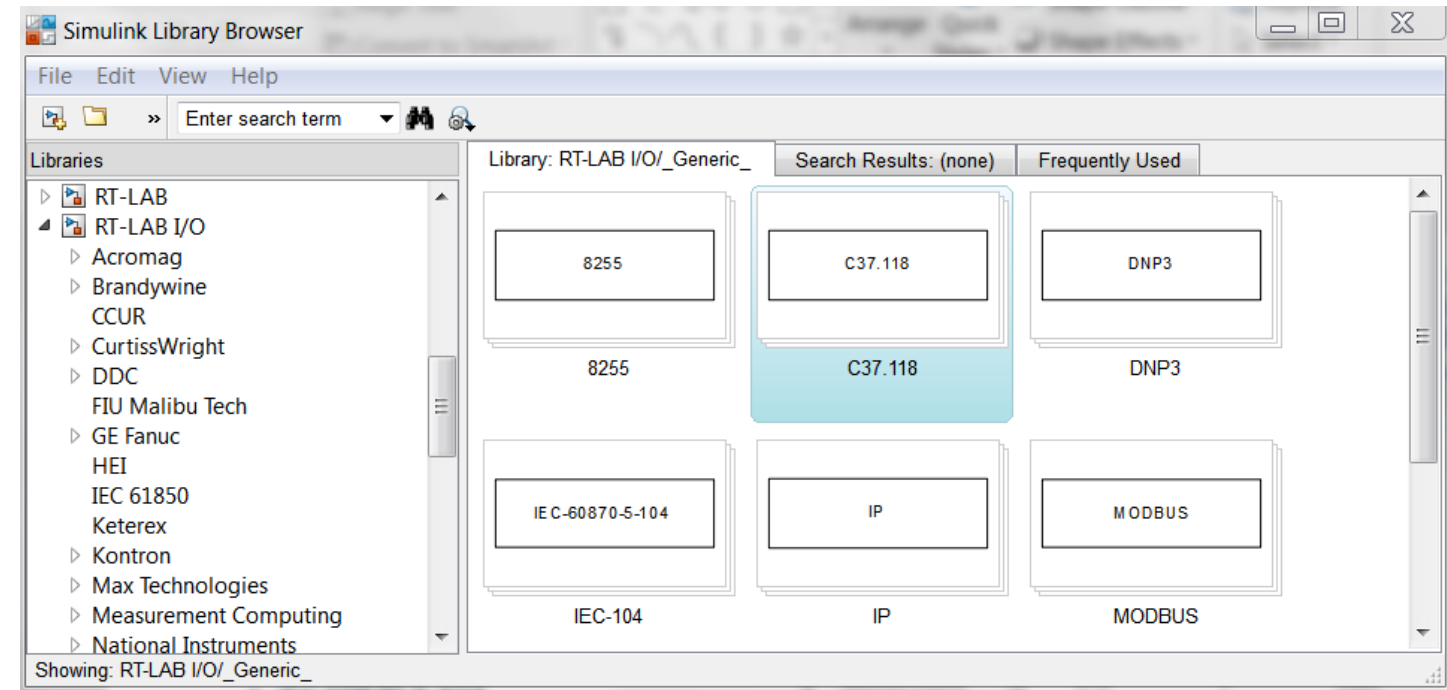
- Designed based on the Power System software for very large power systems
- Based on MATLAB/Simulink & SimPowerSystems
- Developed by Hydro-Quebec



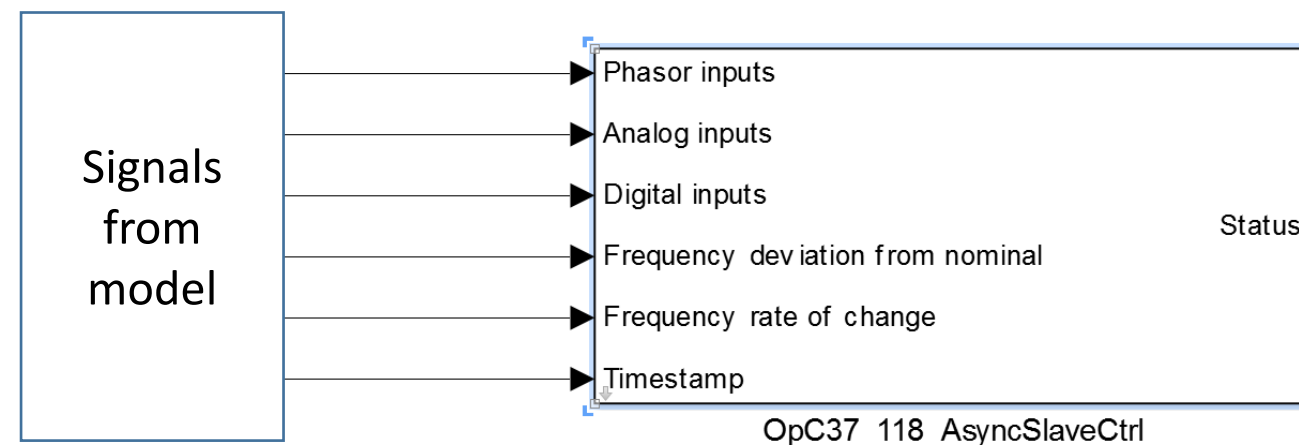
- Open API (Python, Java)
- Automated test to external systems

Communication Protocols

- Protocol support for smart grid applications:
 - IEC61850-8-1 GOOSE
 - IEC61850-9-2 Sampled Values
 - C37.118
 - MODBUS
 - DNP3
 - IRIG-B and 1 PPS Sync
 - IEC 60870-5-104
 - OPC UA Server
 - TCP/IP
 - UDP
 - RS-232, RS-422, RS-485
 - IEEE 1588

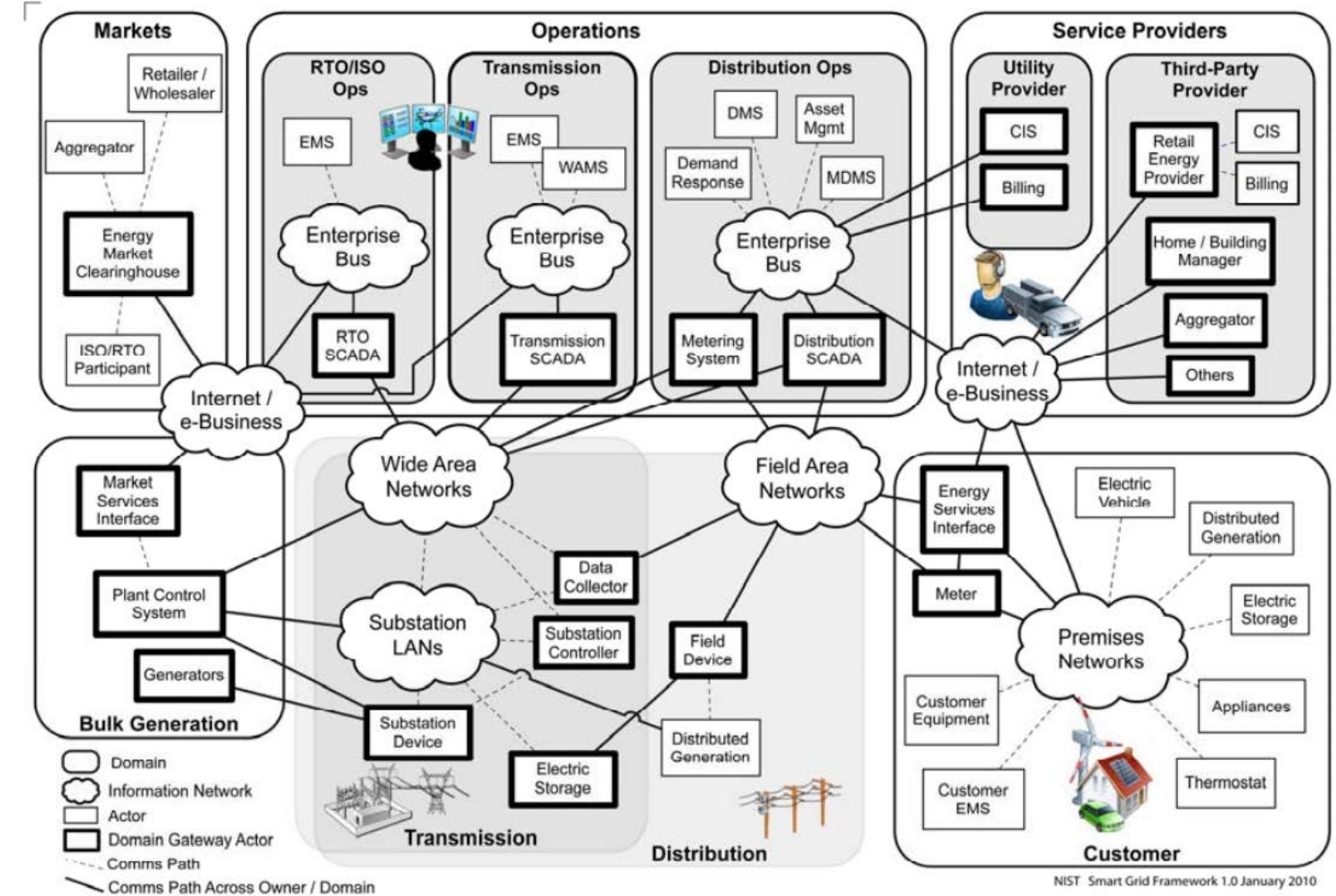


- Permits for some attacks/faults to be emulated directly within a model



Network Simulators

- Communication becoming critical component of grid along with new considerations ([NISTIR 7628](#)):
 - Cybersecurity
 - Performance: Latency, Bandwidth, Processing Speed
 - Added cost



Source: [NISTIR 1100](#)

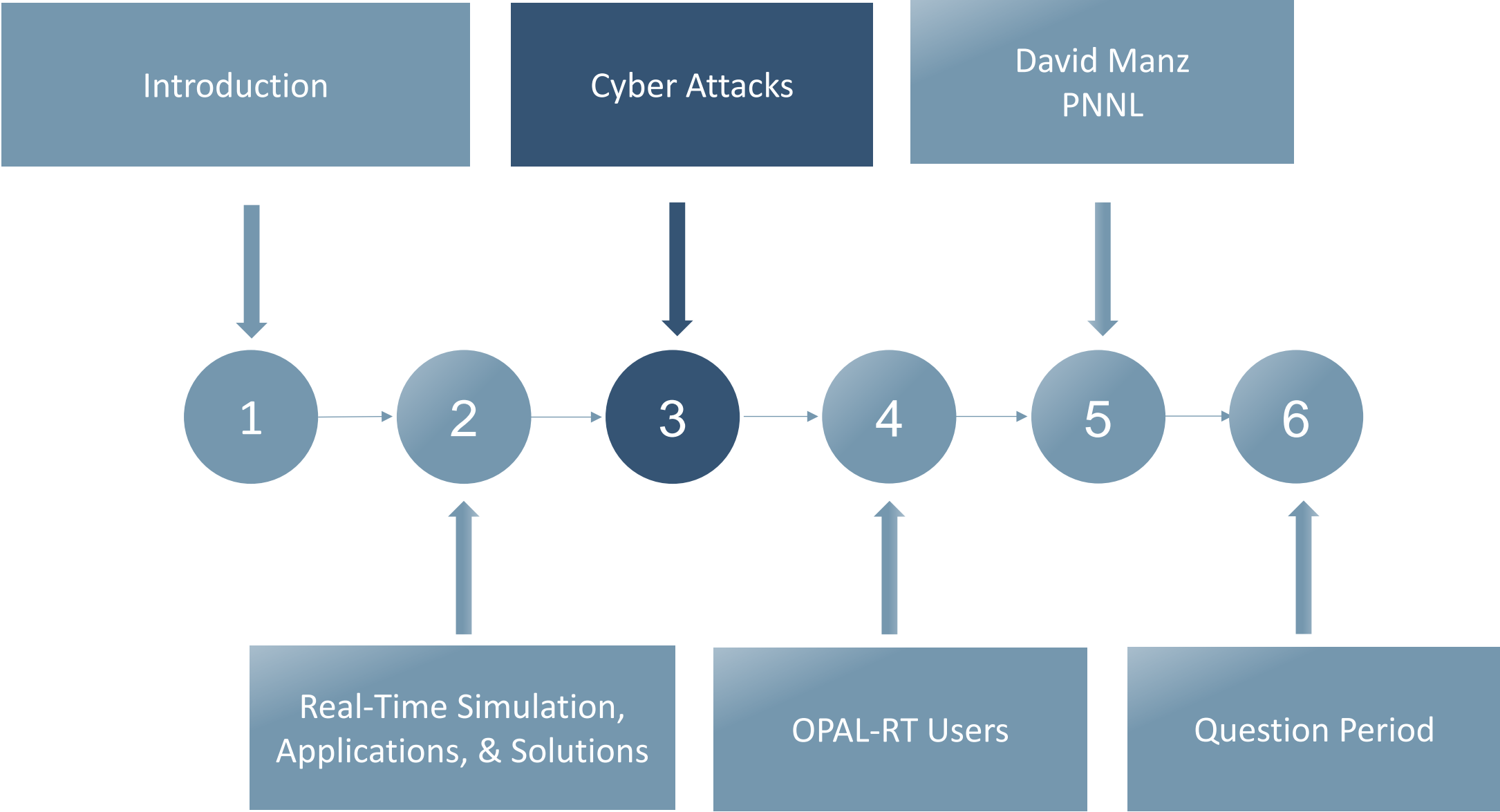
- Network simulators have been used towards real-time co-simulation of power and communication systems

Network Simulation Tools with Real-Time Capabilities

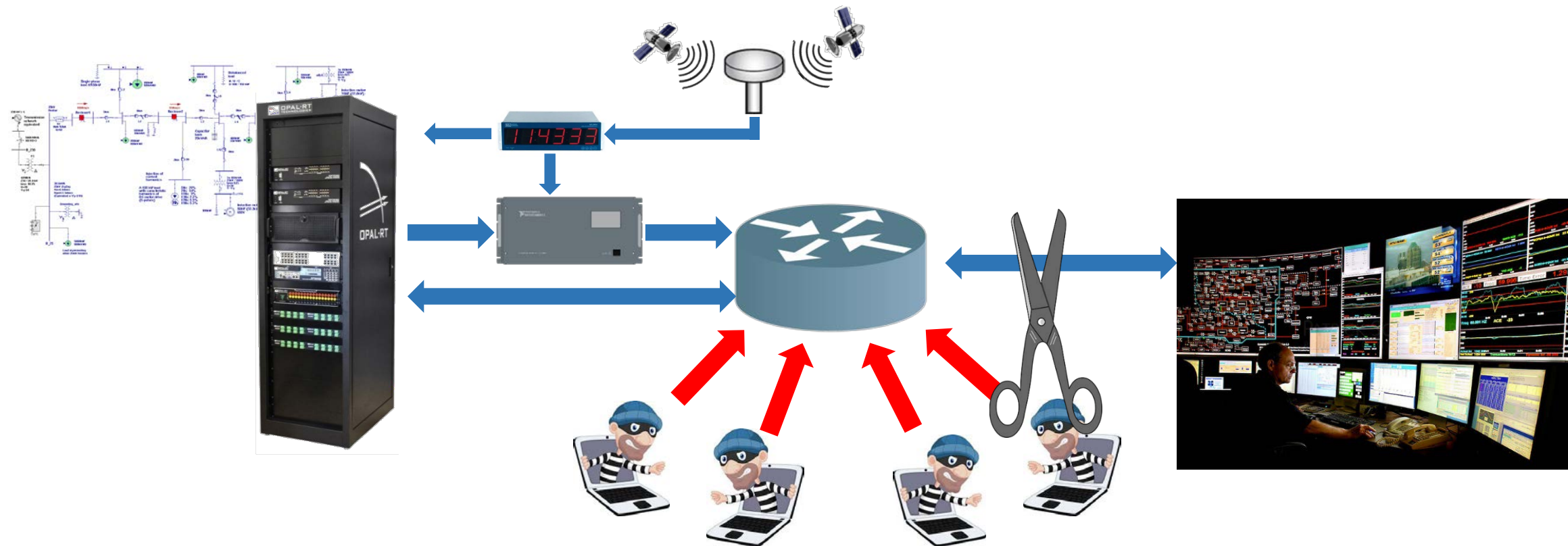
Commercial	Free-for-use
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NetSim • Qualnet • Riverbed Modeler (formerly OPNET) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NS2, NS3 • OMNeT++ • Kali Linux • J-Sim



Presentation Outline



Cyberattacks: DoS

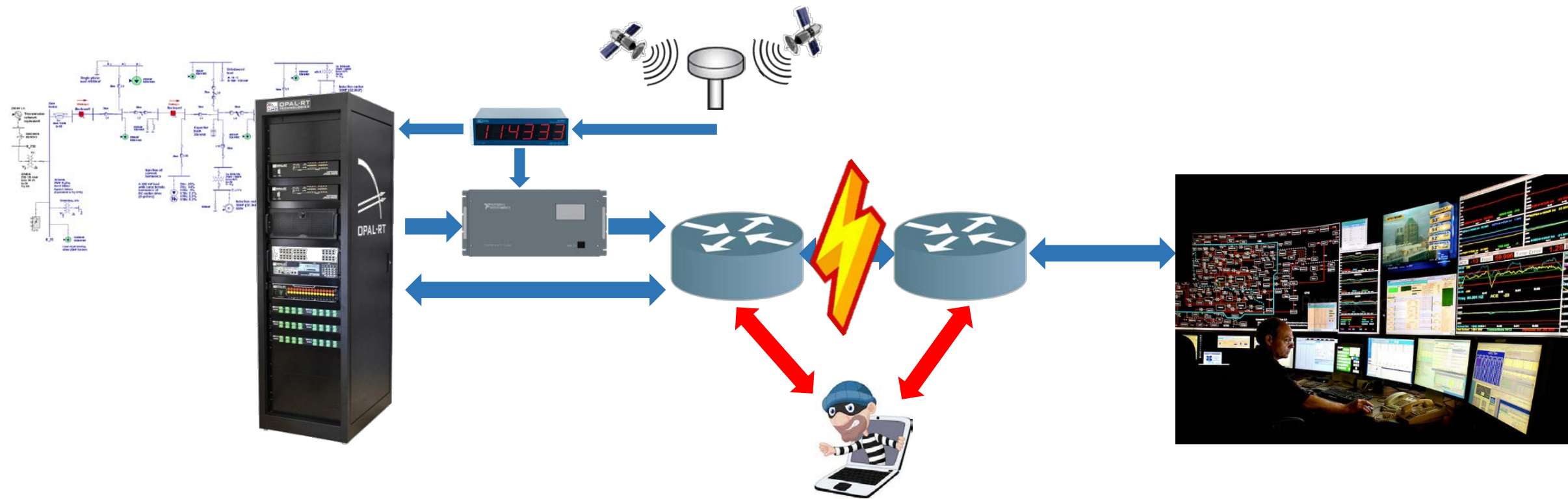


- Denial-of-Service (DoS) Attacks can render a service unavailable either through a direct or indirect attack
 - IEC61850 Goose identified as susceptible due to status numbers (Skopik & Smith 2015)
- Also refers to physical attacks on communication infrastructure
 - Cutting wires
 - Wireless jamming



Reference: Skopik F., Smith P.: Smart Grid Security - Innovative Solutions for a Modernized Grid, Elsevier Science Publishing, 2015, ISBN: 978-0-12-802122-4.

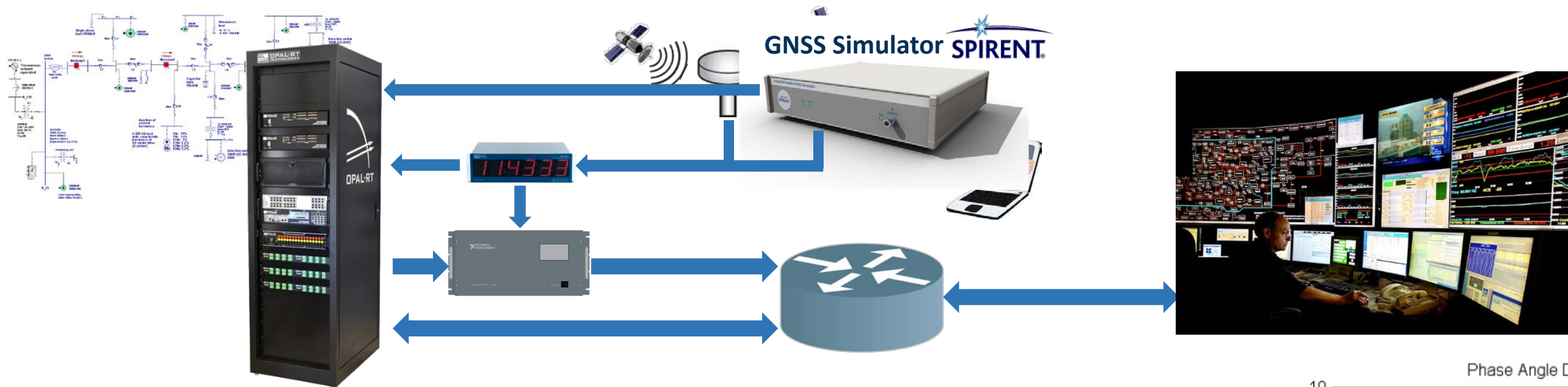
Cyberattacks : Man-in-the-Middle



- Man-in-the-middle (MitM) attacks “impersonate two communication nodes by making them believe that they are talking together” (Skopik & Smith 2015):
 - Packet injection/spoofing (IEC61850 Goose, DNP3, MODBUS),
 - Packet suppression,
 - Recording, replaying and modification of recorded packets



Cyberattacks : GNSS Spoofing/Meaconing



- GNSS spoofing/meaconing is a threat to PMUs and synchrophasor systems, heavily reliant on time synchronization
 - For 60 Hz networks, IEEE C37.118-2014 Standard allows max 26.53 μ s pure timing error

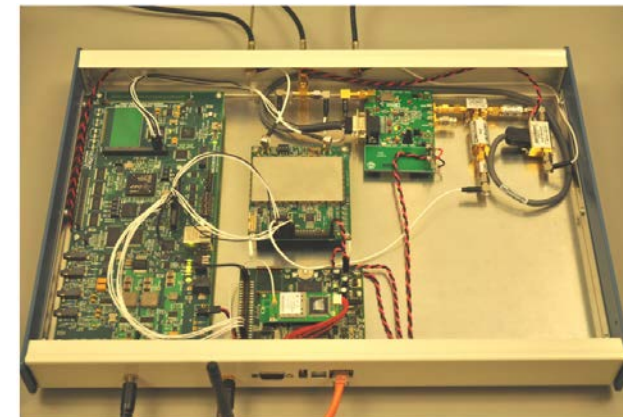
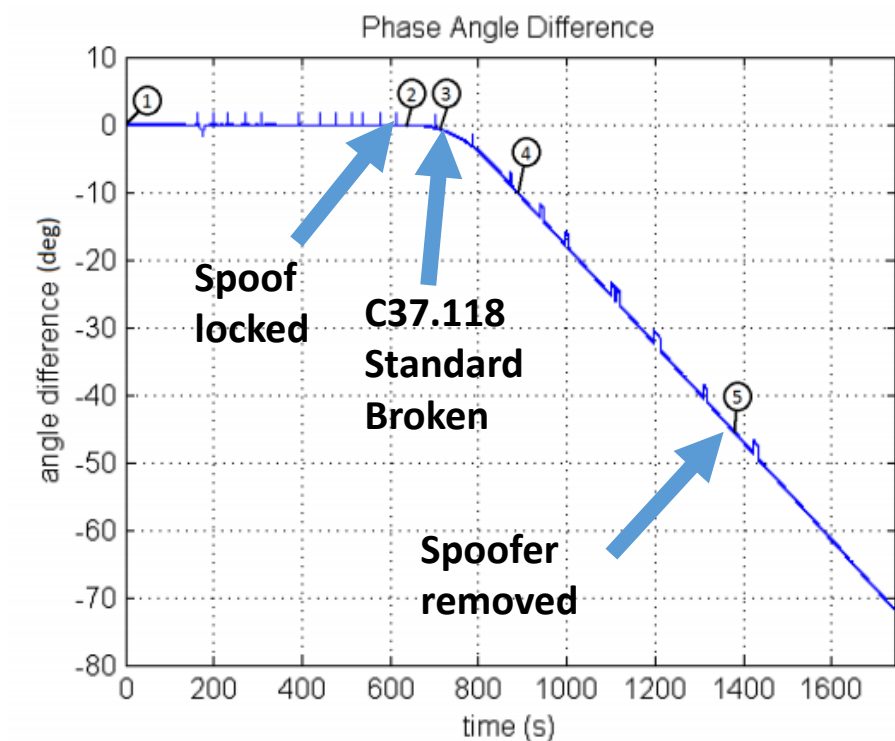
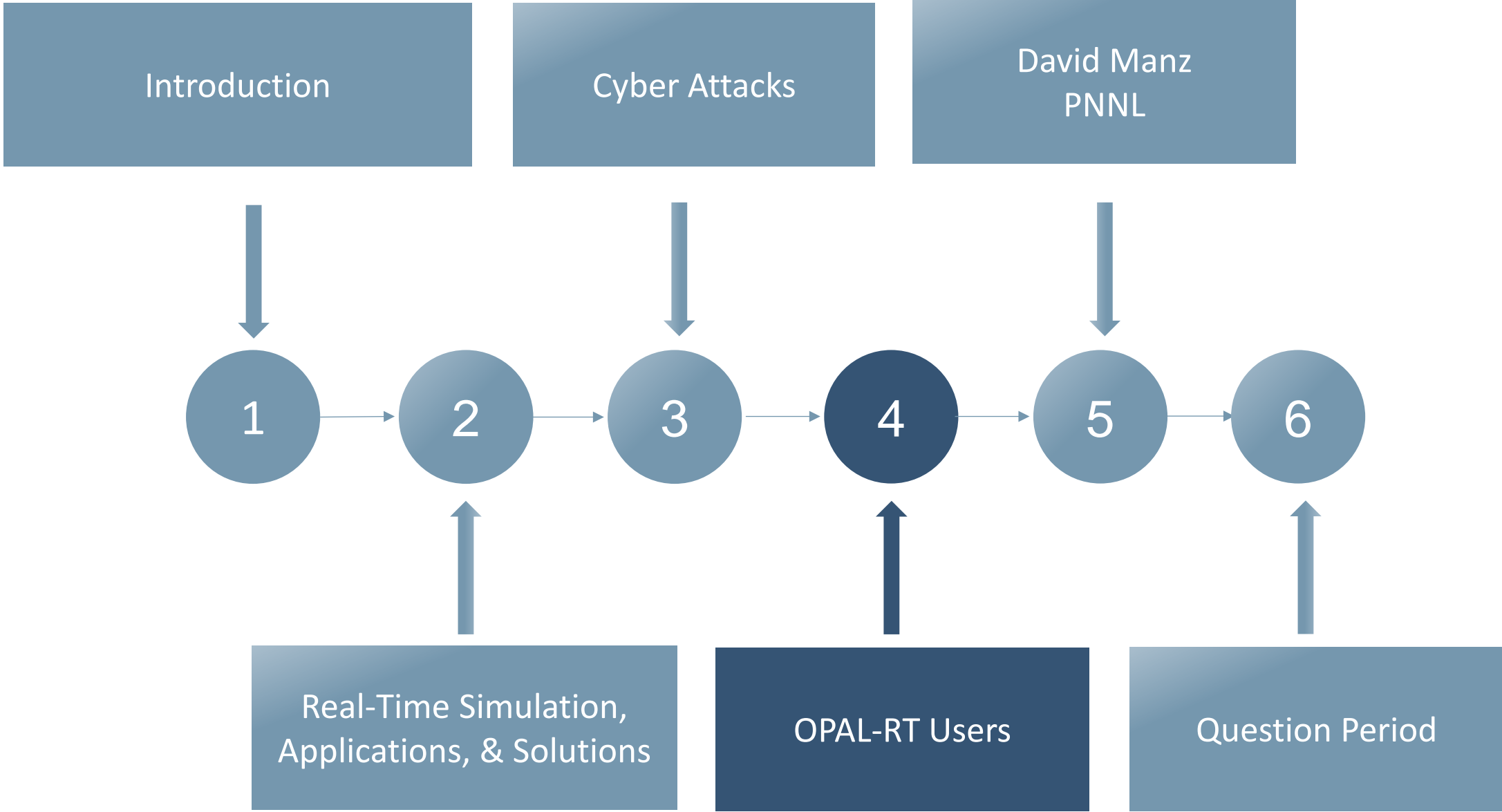


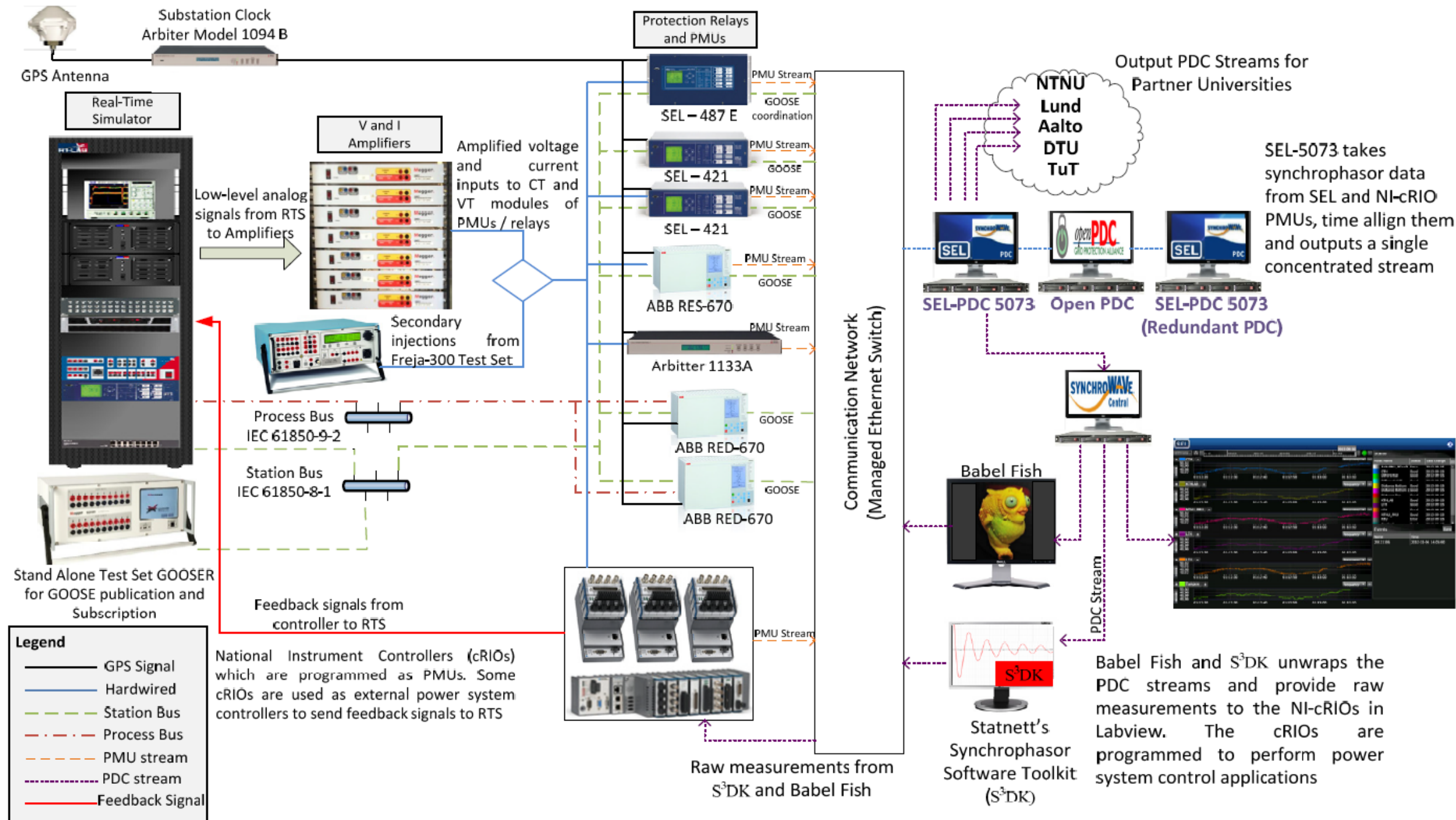
Fig. 1. The Civil GPS Spoofing.

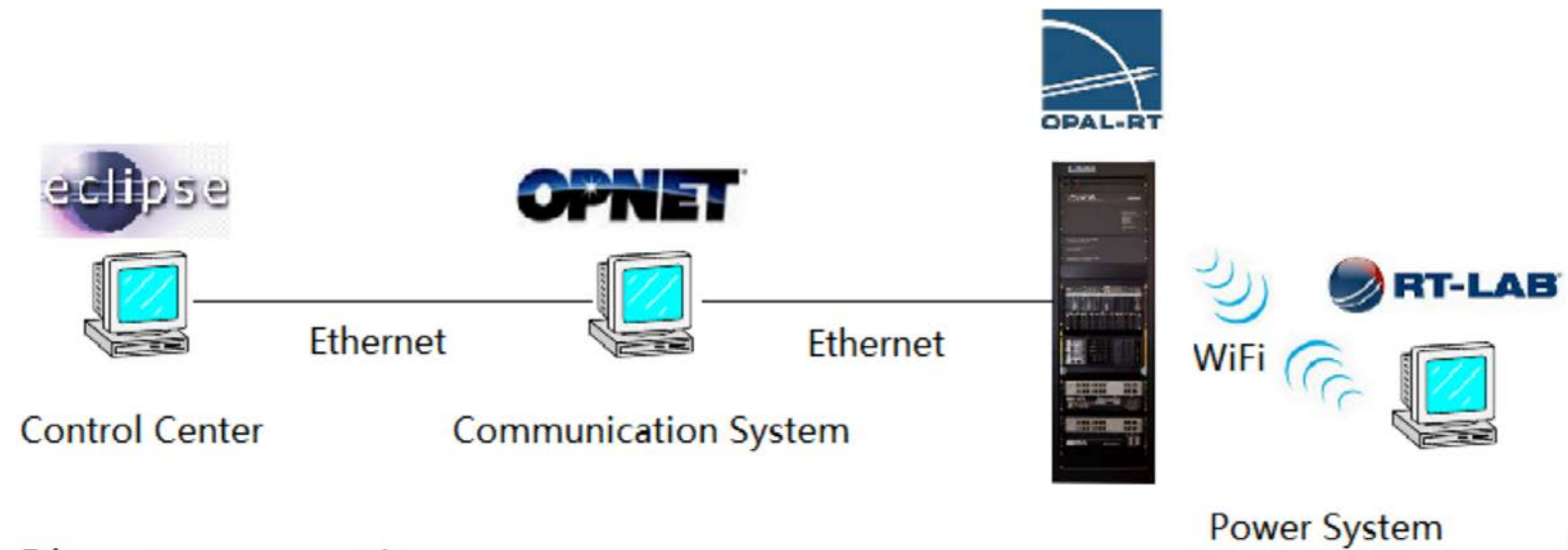


Presentation Outline

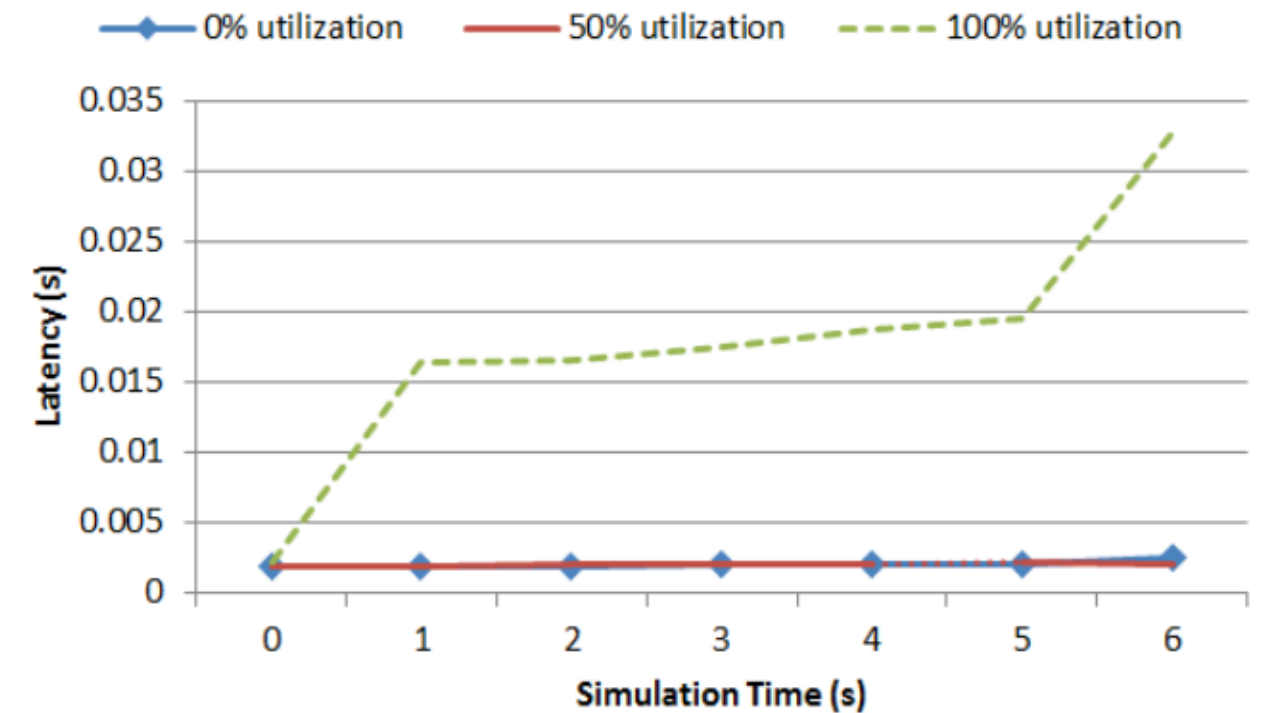
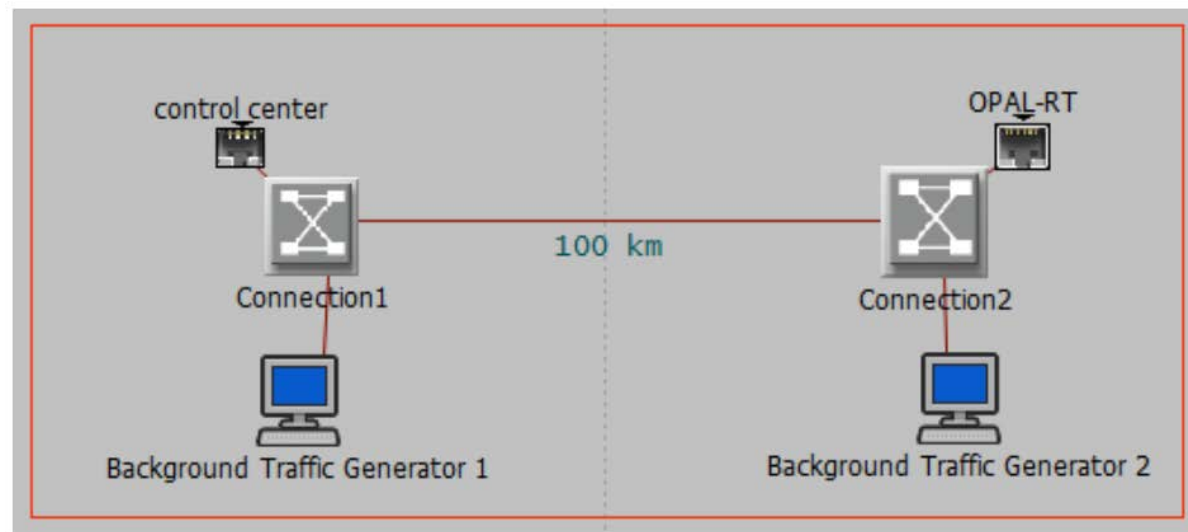


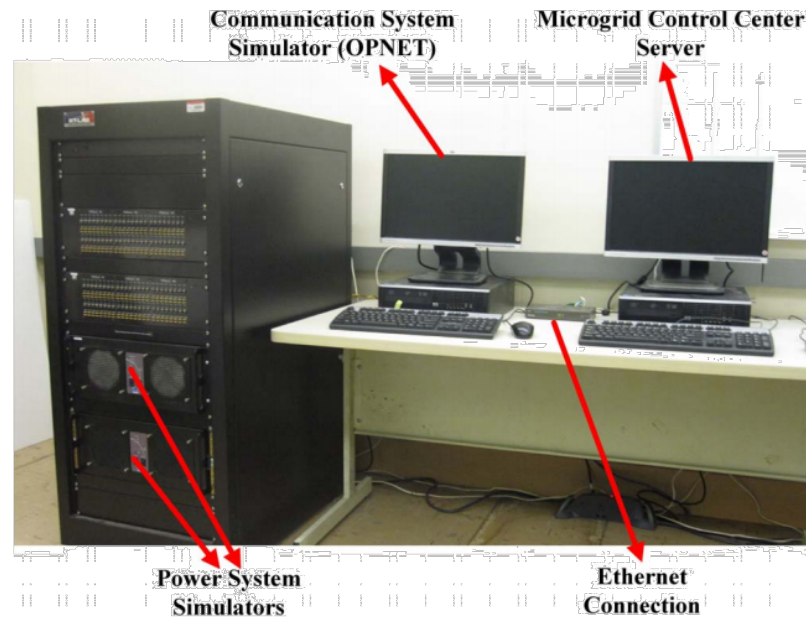
- Comprehensive WAMPAC Test Bench



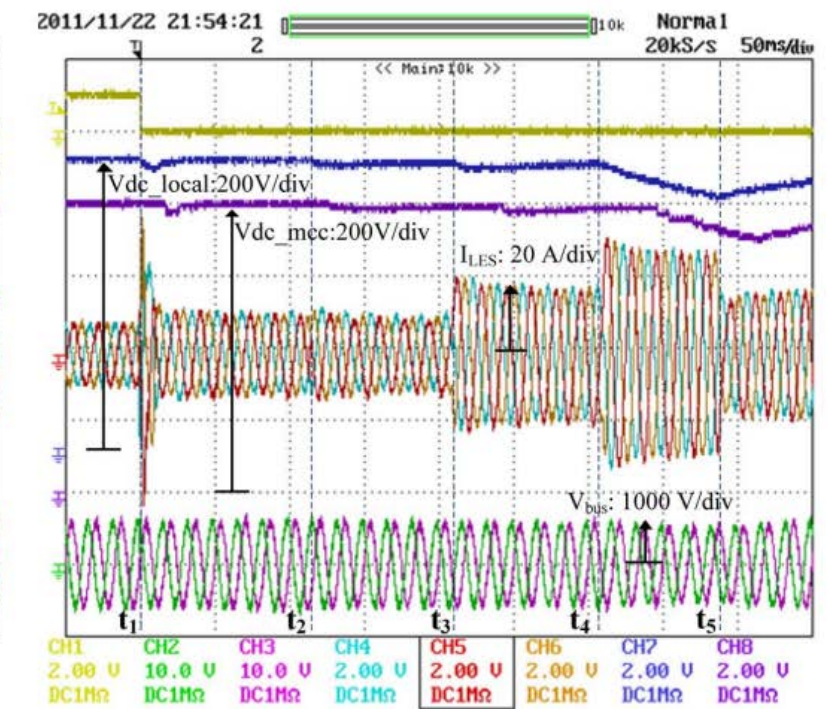
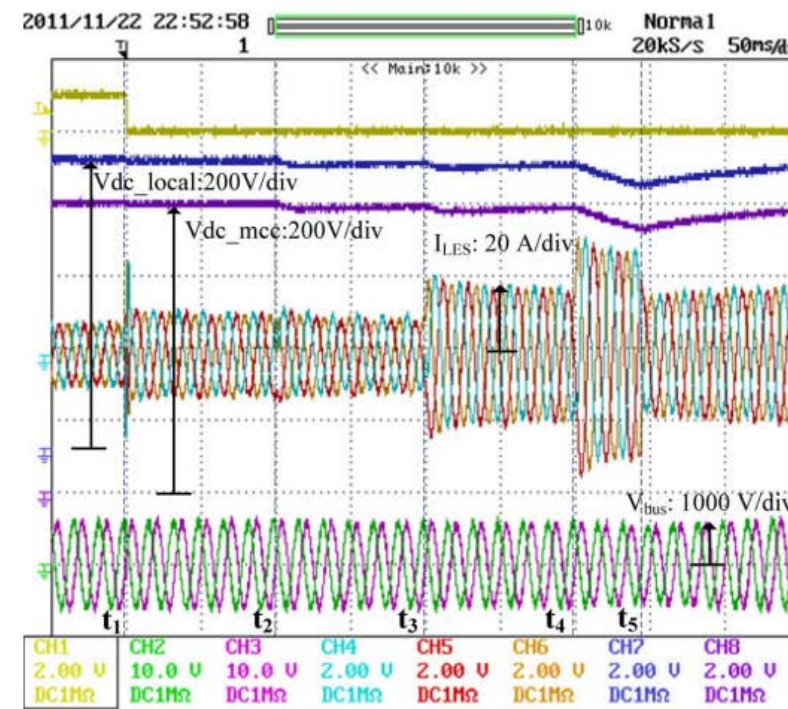
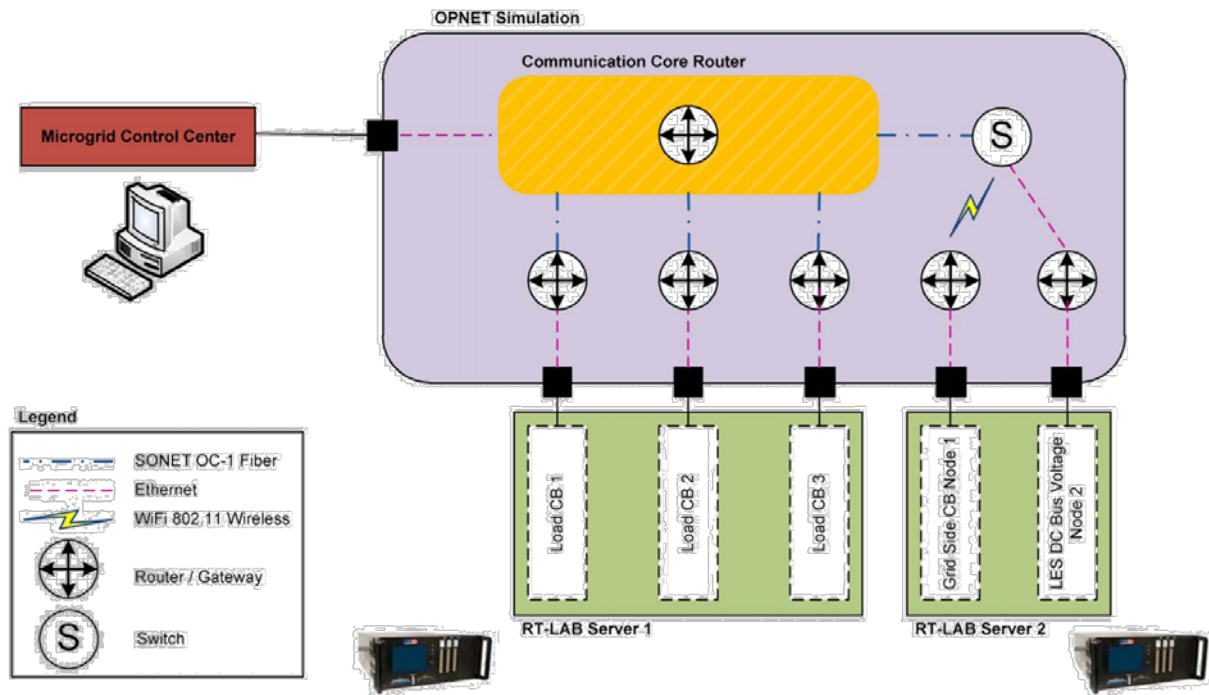


- Smart grid communication system performance testing
- OPNET uses to simulate smart grid traffic





- Microgrid power and communication systems co-simulation
- Results show that communications have a significant effect on system dynamics



- Smart Grid Power Systems Lab (SPS) uses OPAL-RT to model power grid and PMUs in SCADA Testbed for research validation:
 - Cybersecurity,
 - Communication,
 - Grid visualization,
 - Power system control and optimization
- Simulator connects to OSIsoft PI Server IEEE-C37.118 to PI Server to send data and receive commands

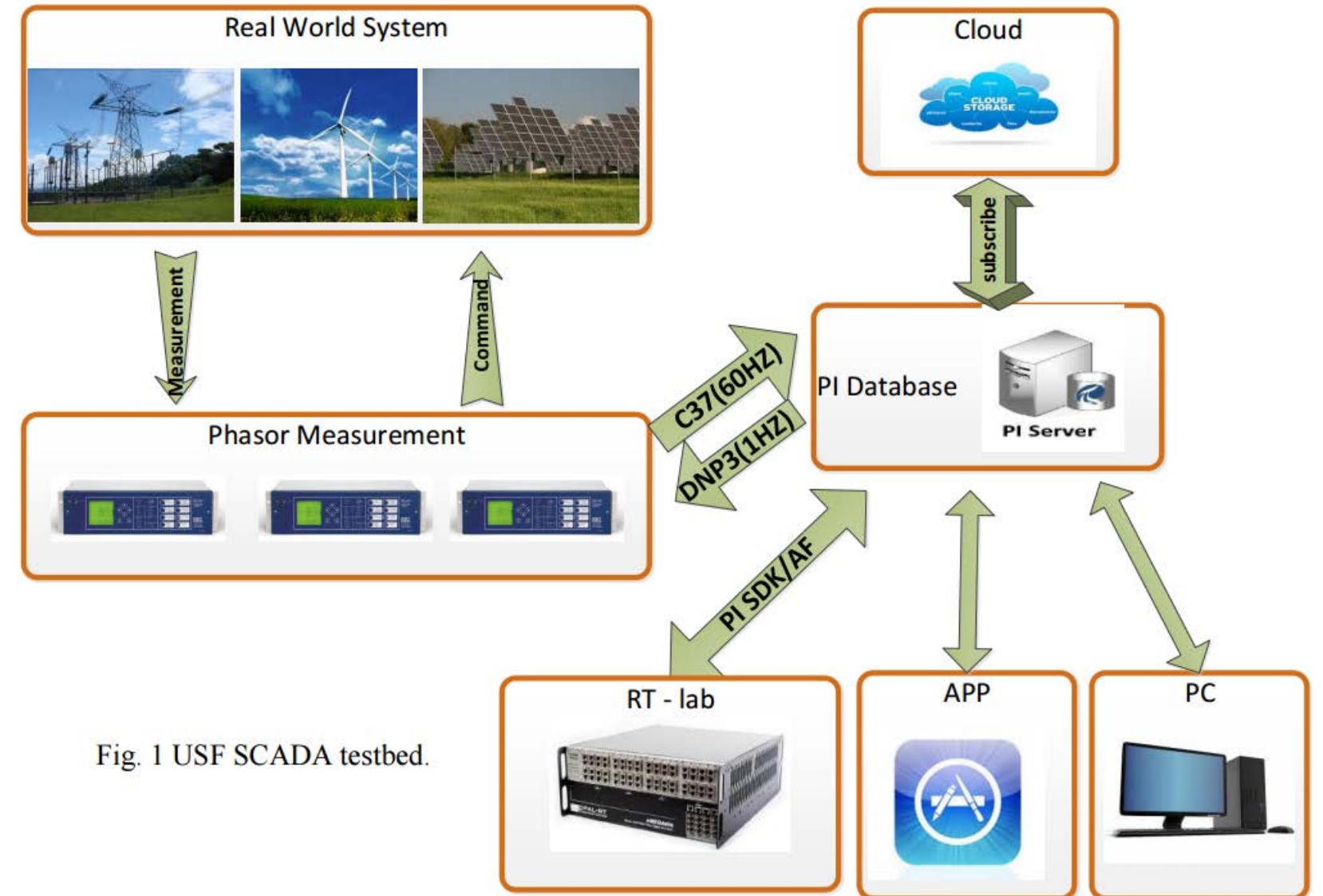
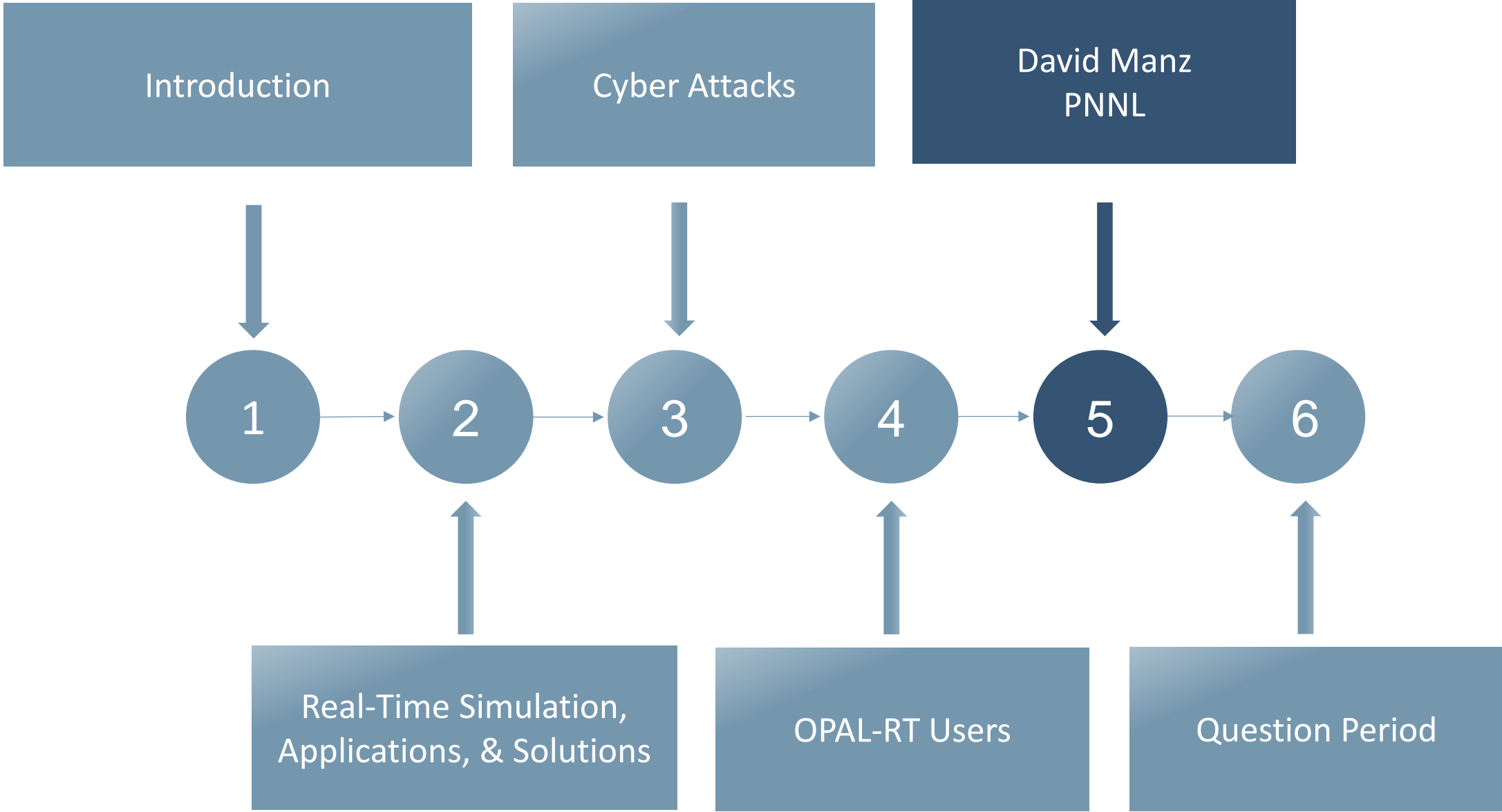


Fig. 1 USF SCADA testbed.

Fig. 1: USF SPS's SCADA testbed.



Presentation Outline





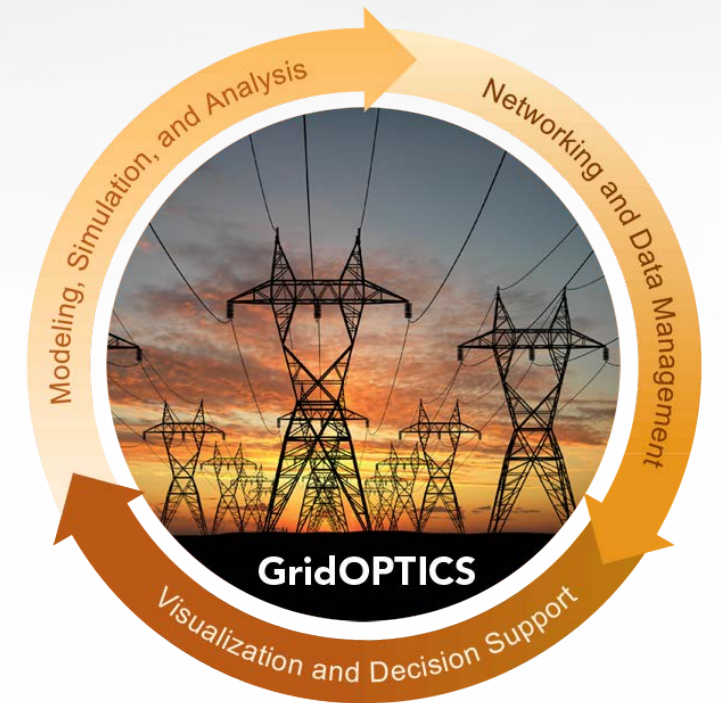
Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

*Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965*

Cyber-Physical Security Research, Experimentation and Applications

David Manz, PhD

Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
Richland, WA



powerNET

What is it?

- ▶ Multi-user power system testbed
 - Sandbox environment
- ▶ Experiment based
 - Access controls by project/user
- ▶ Auto-configuration
 - Built upon cloud technology
- ▶ Remote access
- ▶ Scalable
 - Emulation and simulation
- ▶ User friendly
 - Configuration/monitoring portal
 - Common library of scenarios



What is it?

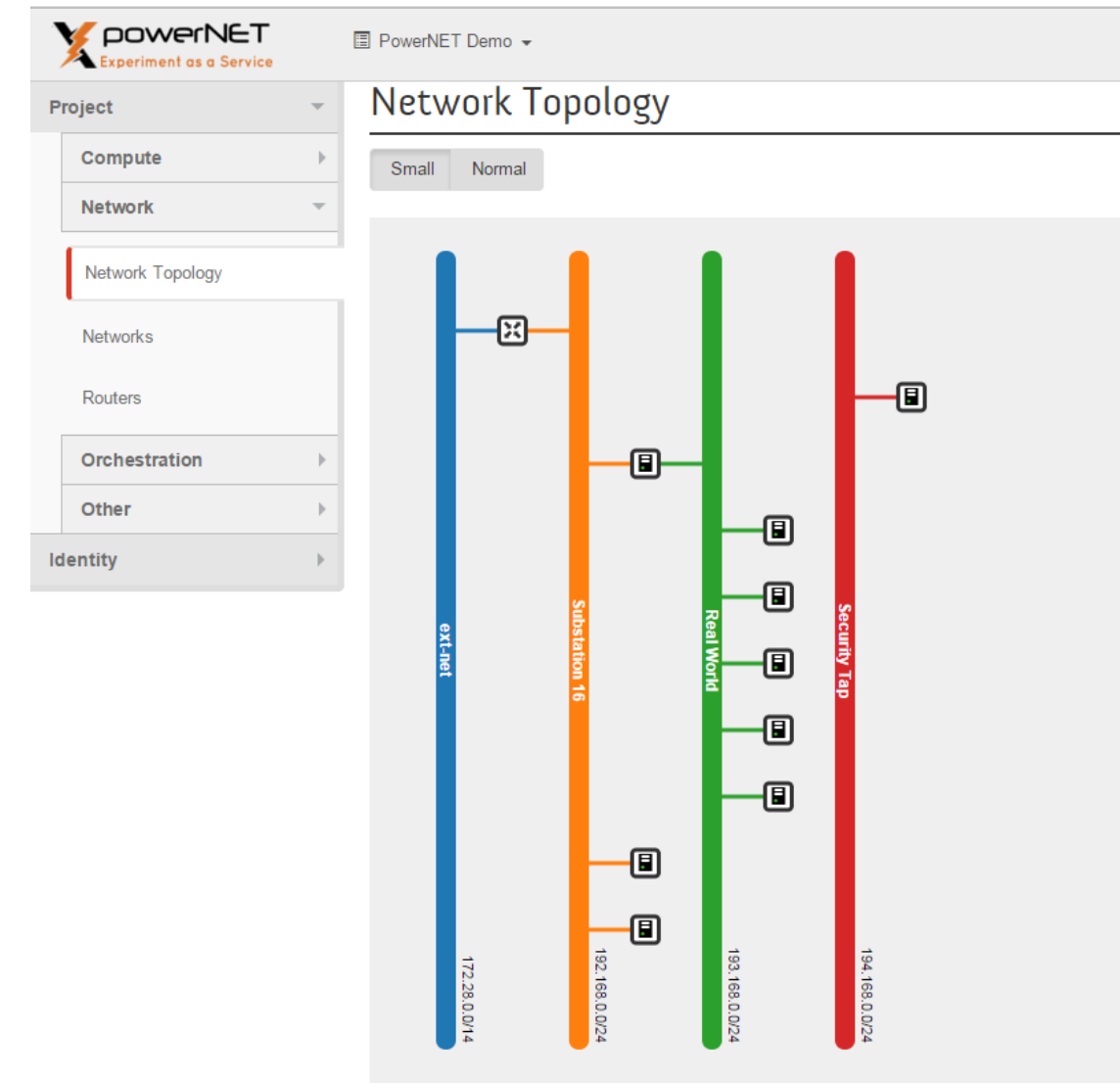
- ▶ Modular and extendable
 - Support for multiple cyber physical industries
 - Federation with internal and external testbeds and resources
- ▶ Current capacity
 - 2-3 projects at once
- ▶ Vision
 - National user facility



powerNET
Experiment as a Service



- ▶ **Cloud technology based orchestration with web based user portal**
- ▶ **Network Emulation**
 - Emulate LAN/WAN communication characteristics. Examples:
 - Dedicated Line
 - Dial-up
 - Wireless
- ▶ **SCADA environments**
 - Real equipment to model ~2 substations
 - Software simulation of dozens of SCADA equipment
 - Support for legacy communications



- ▶ **Physical Process Emulation **OPAL-RT****
 - Hardware-in-the-loop modeling
 - Large scale simulation
- ▶ **Synchrophasors**
 - 9 PMU from variety of vendors
 - 1 PMU Development Platform
 - 1 Hardware PDC
 - (Many software PDC possible)
- ▶ **Up to ~1000 general purpose virtual nodes possible**
 - XenServer hypervisor
- ▶ **Energy Management System**



Testbed Uses



Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965

- ▶ Validation and verification
- ▶ Technology assessment and prototyping
- ▶ Simulation and modeling
- ▶ Training and education
- ▶ Demonstration (with PNNL EIOC)



Research Topics



Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

*Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965*

- ▶ Cyber security
- ▶ Cyber-physical system
 - Cyber impact/interaction on physical processes
- ▶ Distributed applications
 - Smart Grid
- ▶ Interoperability testing
- ▶ Application prototyping



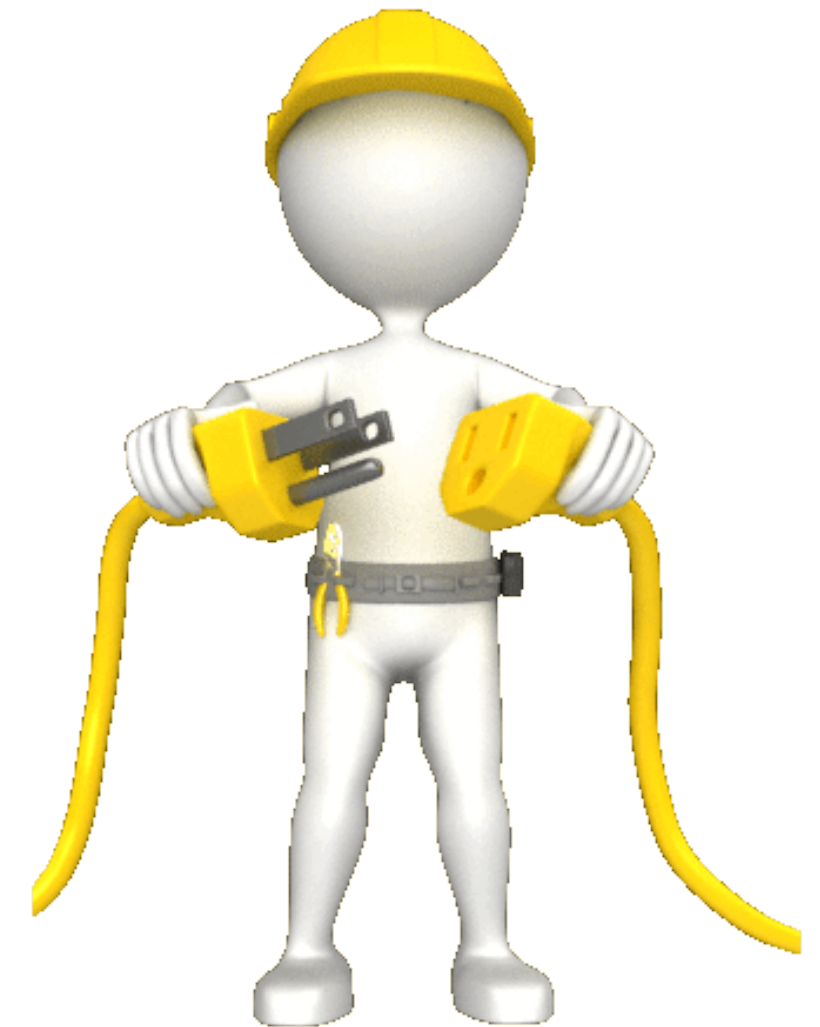
powerNET Usage Examples



Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965

- ▶ Gridlab-D Analysis Project
- ▶ FPGI: A Distributed Systems Architecture for the Power Grid
- ▶ CEDS Digital Ants
- ▶ IEC 61850/62351 Interoperability Testing
- ▶ SCADA network determinism
- ▶ Cyber-Physical Training
- ▶ DHS Cyber-Physical Federation Demonstration



powerNET Testbed Benefits



Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965

- ▶ Multi-user shared facility and equipment
- ▶ Time and resource efficient
- ▶ Dynamically configurable
- ▶ Remote access
- ▶ Test wide scale federation of testbeds and understand associated management and security concerns
- ▶ User benefits:
 - Researchers: Efficiency, Realistic Sandbox
 - Industry: Conformance and Interoperability testing
 - Academia: Hands-on Education



- Peer Capability
- Model and emulation enterprise environments
 - Enterprise services
 - User modeling and simulation
- Federate resources for bigger experiments
 - IT and OT joint experiments



cyberNET
Experiment as a Service



powerNET Video



Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

*Proudly Operated by **Battelle** Since 1965*



Question Period



Thomas Kirk
514-935-2323
thomas.Kirk@opal-rt.com

David Manz
509-372-5995
david@pnnl.gov



Thank you!

Our **new Cybersecurity webpage** is now online:

<http://www.opal-rt.com/cybersecurity>

For a one-on-one demo or any additional questions you might have:

<http://www.opal-rt.com/contact-opal-rt>

Visit our event page to view where to meet OPAL-RT Technologies:

<http://opal-rt.com/events>

The content of this webinar will be available shortly on:

<http://opal-rt.com/events/past-webinars>

Quick Survey as you leave!



Join the Conversation!
"Real-Time Simulation
with OPAL-RT"